

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

TITLE V/STATE OPERATING PERMIT

Issue Date:November 15, 2018Effective Date:August 3, 2022Revision Date:August 3, 2022Expiration Date:November 14, 2023

Revision Type: Transfer

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable applicable requirements unless otherwise designated as "State-Only" or "non-applicable" requirements.

TITLE V Permit No: 54-00074

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 85-2218882-1

Owner Information

Name: UGID BROAD MTN LLC Mailing Address: 390 STATE ROUTE 11

HUNLOCK CREEK, PA 18621-3830

Plant Information

Plant: UGID BROAD MTN LLC/HEGINS

Location: 54 Schuylkill County 54927 Foster Township

SIC Code: 4959 Trans. & Utilities - Sanitary Servics, Nec

Responsible Official

Name: DANTE D'ALESSANDRO Title: V.P. ENGINEERING & CONST.

Phone: (610) 373 - 7999 Ext.1173 Email: ddalessandro@ugies.com

Permit Contact Person

Name: JEFF STEEBER Title: EHS MANAGER

Phone: (570) 417 - 7733 Email: jsteeber@ugies.com

[Signature]

MARK J. WEJKSZNER, NORTHEAST REGION AIR PROGRAM MANAGER



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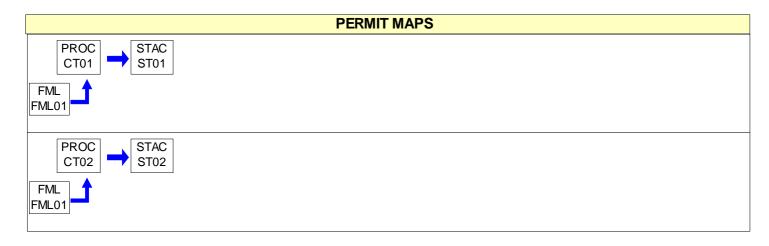
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SECTION A. Site Inventory List

Source	ID Source Name	Capacity/	Throughput	Fuel/Material
CT01	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE	63.000	MMBTU/HR	
CT02	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE	63.000	MMBTU/HR	
FML01	LANDFILL GAS			
ST01	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE 01 STACK			
ST02	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE 02 STACK			







#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

Definitions

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#002 [25 Pa. Code § 121.7]

Prohibition of Air Pollution

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the act.

#003 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(4)]

Property Rights

This permit does not convey property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446(a) and (c)]

Permit Expiration

This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit. The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new Title V permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.

#005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446(e), 127.503 & 127.704(b)]

Permit Renewal

- (a) An application for the renewal of the Title V permit shall be submitted to the Department at least six (6) months, and not more than 18 months, before the expiration date of this permit. The renewal application is timely if a complete application is submitted to the Department's Regional Air Manager within the timeframe specified in this permit condition.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, the appropriate permit renewal fee, a description of any permit revisions and off-permit changes that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.
- (c) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413. The application for renewal of the Title V permit shall also include submission of compliance review forms which have been used by the permittee to update information submitted in accordance with either 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) or § 127.412(j).
- (d) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information during the permit renewal process. The permittee shall also promptly provide additional information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the date a complete renewal application was submitted but prior to release of a draft permit.

#006 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450(a)(4) & 127.464(a)]

Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control

- (a) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership or operational control of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if:
 - (1) The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;
- (2) A written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee; and,
 - (3) A compliance review form has been submitted to the Department and the permit transfer has been approved by



the Department.

(b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.464(a), this permit may not be transferred to another person except in cases of transfer-of-ownership which are documented and approved to the satisfaction of the Department.

#007 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513, 35 P.S. § 4008 and § 114 of the CAA]

Inspection and Entry

- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law for inspection and entry purposes, the permittee shall allow the Department of Environmental Protection or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (2) Have access to and copy or remove, at reasonable times, records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

#008 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.25, 127.444, & 127.512(c)(1)]

Compliance Requirements

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one (1) or more of the following:
 - (1) Enforcement action
 - (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
 - (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source, which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III, unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued to the source are operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this Title V permit.

#009 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(2)]

Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.



#010 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d) & 127.512(c)(5)]

Duty to Provide Information

- (a) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, information that the Department may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit.
- (b) Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to keep by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator of EPA along with a claim of confidentiality.

#011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.463, 127.512(c)(3) & 127.542]

Reopening and Revising the Title V Permit for Cause

- (a) This Title V permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay a permit condition.
- (b) This permit may be reopened, revised and reissued prior to expiration of the permit under one or more of the following circumstances:
- (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Air Pollution Control Act become applicable to a Title V facility with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years prior to the expiration date of this permit. The Department will revise the permit as expeditiously as practicable but not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable standards or regulations. No such revision is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the expiration date of this permit, unless the original permit or its terms and conditions has been extended.
- (2) Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator of EPA, excess emissions offset plans for an affected source shall be incorporated into the permit.
- (3) The Department or the EPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of this permit.
- (4) The Department or the Administrator of EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- (c) Proceedings to revise this permit shall follow the same procedures which apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this permit for which cause to revise exists. The revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
- (d) Regardless of whether a revision is made in accordance with (b)(1) above, the permittee shall meet the applicable standards or regulations promulgated under the Clean Air Act within the time frame required by standards or regulations.

#012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.543]

Reopening a Title V Permit for Cause by EPA

As required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, this permit may be modified, reopened and reissued, revoked or terminated for cause by EPA in accordance with procedures specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.543.

#013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.522(a)]

Operating Permit Application Review by the EPA

The applicant may be required by the Department to provide a copy of the permit application, including the compliance plan, directly to the Administrator of the EPA. Copies of title V permit applications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), shall be submitted, if required, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3_Air_Apps_and_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].



#014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.541]

Significant Operating Permit Modifications

When permit modifications during the term of this permit do not qualify as minor permit modifications or administrative amendments, the permittee shall submit an application for significant Title V permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.541. Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3_Air_Apps_and_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

#015 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.1 & 127.462]

Minor Operating Permit Modifications

The permittee may make minor operating permit modifications (as defined in 25 Pa. Code §121.1), on an expedited basis, in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications). Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.462(c), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3_Air_Apps_and_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

#016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.450]

Administrative Operating Permit Amendments

(a) The permittee may request administrative operating permit amendments, as defined in 25 Pa. Code §127.450(a). Copies of request for administrative permit amendment to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.450(c)(1), if required, shall be submitted to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3_Air_Apps_and_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

(b) Upon final action by the Department granting a request for an administrative operating permit amendment covered under §127.450(a)(5), the permit shield provisions in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall apply to administrative permit amendments incorporated in this Title V Permit in accordance with §127.450(c), unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

#017 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(b)]

Severability Clause

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by the Environmental Hearing Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, or US EPA to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.704, 127.705 & 127.707]

Fee Payment

- (a) The permittee shall pay fees to the Department in accordance with the applicable fee schedules in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I (relating to plan approval and operating permit fees). The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.
- (b) Emission Fees. The permittee shall, on or before September 1st of each year, pay applicable annual Title V emission fees for emissions occurring in the previous calendar year as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705. The permittee is not required to pay an emission fee for emissions of more than 4,000 tons of each regulated pollutant emitted from the facility.
- (c) As used in this permit condition, the term "regulated pollutant" is defined as a VOC, each pollutant regulated under Sections 111 and 112 of the Clean Air Act and each pollutant for which a National Ambient Air Quality Standard has been promulgated, except that carbon monoxide is excluded.



- (d) Late Payment. Late payment of emission fees will subject the permittee to the penalties prescribed in 25 Pa. Code § 127.707 and may result in the suspension or termination of the Title V permit. The permittee shall pay a penalty of fifty percent (50%) of the fee amount, plus interest on the fee amount computed in accordance with 26 U.S.C.A. § 6621(a)(2) from the date the emission fee should have been paid in accordance with the time frame specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705(c).
- (e) The permittee shall pay an annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule established in 25 Pa. Code § 127.704(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.
- (1) Eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
- (2) Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for calendar years 2026—2030.
- (3) Twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.

#019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14(b) & 127.449]

Authorization for De Minimis Emission Increases

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases from a new or existing source in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14 and 127.449 without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification. The permittee shall provide the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase that would result from either: (1) a physical change of minor significance under § 127.14(c)(1); or (2) the construction, installation, modification or reactivation of an air contamination source. The written notice shall:
 - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.

The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.

- (b) Except as provided below in (c) and (d) of this permit condition, the permittee is authorized during the term of this permit to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (c) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee may install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval:
- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.
 - (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.





- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility, liquefied petroleum gas or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
 - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
 - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
 - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (b)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (4) Changes which are modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act and emission increases which would exceed the allowable emissions level (expressed as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions) under the Title V permit.
- (e) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder, the permit shield described in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall extend to the changes made under 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases).
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases allowed under this permit, 25 Pa. Code § 127.449, or sources and physical changes meeting the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.14, the permittee is prohibited from making physical changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

#020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a & 127.215]

Reactivation of Sources

- (a) The permittee may reactivate a source at the facility that has been out of operation or production for at least one year, but less than or equal to five (5) years, if the source is reactivated in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a and 127.215. The reactivated source will not be considered a new source.
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#021 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.9 & 127.216]

Circumvention

(a) The owner of this Title V facility, or any other person, may not circumvent the new source review requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E by causing or allowing a pattern of ownership or development, including the



phasing, staging, delaying or engaging in incremental construction, over a geographic area of a facility which, except for the pattern of ownership or development, would otherwise require a permit or submission of a plan approval application.

(b) No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#022 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.513(1)]

Submissions

(a) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager

PA Department of Environmental Protection

(At the address given on the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

(b) Any report or notification for the EPA Administrator or EPA Region III should be addressed to:

Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division Air, RCRA and Toxics Branch (3ED21) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, PA 19103-2852

The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov.

(c) An application, form, report or compliance certification submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness as required under 25 Pa. Code § 127.402(d). Unless otherwise required by the Clean Air Act or regulations adopted thereunder, this certification and any other certification required pursuant to this permit shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

#023 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 127.463(e); Chapter 139; & 114(a)(3), 504(b) of the CAA]

Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures

- (a) The permittee shall perform the emissions monitoring and analysis procedures or test methods for applicable requirements of this Title V permit. In addition to the sampling, testing and monitoring procedures specified in this permit, the Permittee shall comply with any additional applicable requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.
- (b) The sampling, testing and monitoring required under the applicable requirements of this permit, shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act (including §§ 114(a)(3) and 504(b)) and regulations adopted thereunder.

#024 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513]

Compliance Certification

- (a) One year after the date of issuance of the Title V permit, and each year thereafter, unless specified elsewhere in the permit, the permittee shall submit to the Department and EPA Region III a certificate of compliance with the terms and conditions in this permit, for the previous year, including the emission limitations, standards or work practices. This certification shall include:
- (1) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification.
- (2) The compliance status.
- (3) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period.
- (4) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent.
- (b) The compliance certification shall be postmarked or hand-delivered no later than thirty days after each anniversary of





the date of issuance of this Title V Operating Permit, or on the submittal date specified elsewhere in the permit, to the Department in accordance with the submission requirements specified in Section B, Condition #022 of this permit. The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov.

#025 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.511 & Chapter 135]

Recordkeeping Requirements

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, records of required monitoring information that include the following:
 - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
 - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
 - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
 - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
 - (5) The results of the analyses.
 - (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of the required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.

#026 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d), 127.442, 127.463(e) & 127.511(c)]

Reporting Requirements

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for the applicable requirements specified in this Title V permit. In addition to the reporting requirements specified herein, the permittee shall comply with any additional applicable reporting requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.
- (b) Pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 127.511(c), the permittee shall submit reports of required monitoring at least every six (6) months unless otherwise specified in this permit. Instances of deviations (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) from permit requirements shall be clearly identified in the reports. The reporting of deviations shall include the probable cause of the deviations and corrective actions or preventative measures taken, except that sources with continuous emission monitoring systems shall report according to the protocol established and approved by the Department for the source. The required reports shall be certified by a responsible official.
- (c) Every report submitted to the Department under this permit condition shall comply with the submission procedures specified in Section B, Condition #022(c) of this permit.
- (d) Any records, reports or information obtained by the Department or referred to in a public hearing shall be made available to the public by the Department except for such records, reports or information for which the permittee has shown cause that the documents should be considered confidential and protected from disclosure to the public under Section 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and consistent with Sections 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act and 25 Pa. Code § 127.411(d). The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the Title V facility.





#027 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

Operational Flexibility

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the Title V facility in accordance with the following provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements of Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act and Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)
- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit amendments)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and operating permits)

#028 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(d), 127.512(i) and 40 CFR Part 68]

Risk Management

- (a) If required by Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, the permittee shall develop and implement an accidental release program consistent with requirements of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 (relating to chemical accident prevention provisions) and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act (P.L. 106-40).
- (b) The permittee shall prepare and implement a Risk Management Plan (RMP) which meets the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act when a regulated substance listed in 40 CFR § 68.130 is present in a process in more than the listed threshold quantity at the Title V facility. The permittee shall submit the RMP to the federal Environmental Protection Agency according to the following schedule and requirements:
- (1) The permittee shall submit the first RMP to a central point specified by EPA no later than the latest of the following:
- (i) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under § 68.130; or,
- (ii) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.
- (2) The permittee shall submit any additional relevant information requested by the Department or EPA concerning the RMP and shall make subsequent submissions of RMPs in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.190.
- (3) The permittee shall certify that the RMP is accurate and complete in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including a checklist addressing the required elements of a complete RMP.
- (c) As used in this permit condition, the term "process" shall be as defined in 40 CFR § 68.3. The term "process" means any activity involving a regulated substance including any use, storage, manufacturing, handling, or on-site movement of such substances or any combination of these activities. For purposes of this definition, any group of vessels that are interconnected, or separate vessels that are located such that a regulated substance could be involved in a potential release, shall be considered a single process.
- (d) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, as part of the certification required under this permit, the permittee shall:
- (1) Submit a compliance schedule for satisfying the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date specified in 40 CFR § 68.10(a); or,
- (2) Certify that the Title V facility is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 including the registration and submission of the RMP.



- (e) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, the permittee shall maintain records supporting the implementation of an accidental release program for five (5) years in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.200.
- (f) When the Title V facility is subject to the accidental release program requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR Part 68, appropriate enforcement action will be taken by the Department if:
- (1) The permittee fails to register and submit the RMP or a revised plan pursuant to 40 CFR Part 68.
- (2) The permittee fails to submit a compliance schedule or include a statement in the compliance certification required under Section B, Condition #026 of this permit that the Title V facility is in compliance with the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68, and 25 Pa. Code § 127.512(i).

#029 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(e)]

Approved Economic Incentives and Emission Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required under approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this Title V permit.

#030 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.516, 127.450(d), 127.449(f) & 127.462(g)]

Permit Shield

- (a) The permittee's compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed in compliance with applicable requirements (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) as of the date of permit issuance if either of the following applies:
 - (1) The applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in this permit.
- (2) The Department specifically identifies in the permit other requirements that are not applicable to the permitted facility or source.
- (b) Nothing in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 or the Title V permit shall alter or affect the following:
- (1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act, including the authority of the Administrator of the EPA provided thereunder.
 - (2) The liability of the permittee for a violation of an applicable requirement prior to the time of permit issuance.
 - (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act.
 - (4) The ability of the EPA to obtain information from the permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.
- (c) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or regulations thereunder, final action by the Department incorporating a significant permit modification in this Title V Permit shall be covered by the permit shield at the time that the permit containing the significant modification is issued.

#031 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

Reporting

- (a) The permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.
- (b) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#032 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

Report Format

Emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.





I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

- (a) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:
 - (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
 - (2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.
 - (4) Clearing of land.
 - (5) Stockpiling of materials.
 - (6) Open burning operations.
 - (7) Blasting in open pit mines. Emissions from drilling are not considered as emissions from blasting.
- (8) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in paragraphs (1)-(7), for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:
 - (i) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and
- (ii) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

Fugitive particulate matter

A person may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #001 if the emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.

003 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

Limitations

MALODOR EMISSIONS

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated

004 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

Limitations

- (a) A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:
 - (1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour.
 - (2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.





005 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

Exceptions

- (a) The limitations of SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #004 shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:
 - (1) When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.
- (2) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.
 - (3) When the emission results from sources specified in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #001.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

006 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

All sampling, testing and analyses performed in compliance with the requirements of any section of this permit shall be done in accordance with General Title V Requirement #021.

007 [25 Pa. Code §139.1] Sampling facilities.

Upon the request of the Department, the permittee shall provide adequate sampling ports, safe sampling platforms and adequate utilities for the performance by the Department of tests on such source. The Department will set forth, in the request, the time period in which the facilities shall be provided as well as the specifications for such facilities.

008 [25 Pa. Code §139.11] General requirements.

- (a) As specified in 25 Pa. Code Section 139.11(1), performance tests shall be conducted while the source is operating at maximum routine operating conditions or under such other conditions, within the capacity of the equipment, as may be requested by the Department.
- (b) As specified in 25 Pa. Code Section 139.11(2), the Department will consider test results for approval where sufficient information is provided to verify the source conditions existing at the time of the test and where adequate data is available to show the manner in which the test was conducted. Information submitted to the Department shall include, as a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) A thorough source description, including a description of any air cleaning devices and the flue.
- (2) Process conditions, for example, the charging rate of raw material or rate of production of final product, boiler pressure, oven temperature and other conditions which may effect emissions from the process.
- (3) The location of sampling ports.
- (4) Effluent characteristics, including velocity, temperature, moisture content, gas density (percentage of CO, CO2, O2 and N2), static and barometric pressures.
- (5) Sample collection techniques employed, including procedures used, equipment descriptions and data to verify that isokinetic sampling for particulate matter collection occurred and that acceptable test conditions were met.
- (6) Laboratory procedures and results.





(7) Calculated results.

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

009 [25 Pa. Code §123.43] Measuring techniques

- (a) Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:
- (1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (2) Observers, trained and qualified, to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

010 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

If requested by the Department, the permittee shall perform a stack test, in accordance with the provisions of the most current publication of the DEP Source Testing Manual and Chapter 139 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection, within the time frame specified by the Department.

011 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE, VISIBLE AND MALODOR EMISSIONS

- (a) The permittee shall conduct weekly inspections of the facility perimeter, during daylight hours when the plant is in operation, to detect visible, fugitive, and malodor emissions as follows:
 - (1) Visible emissions in excess of the limits stated in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #004.
- (2) Visible emissions may be measured according to the methods specified in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #009, or alternatively, plant personnel who observe any visible emissions (i.e. emissions in excess of 0% opacity) will report the incident of visible emissions to the Department within four (4) hours of each incident and make arrangements for a certified observer to verify the opacity of the emissions.
- (3) The presence of fugitive emissions visible beyond the boundaries of the facility, as stated in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #002.
- (4) The presence of malodor emissions beyond the boundaries of the facility, as stated in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #003.

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

012 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE, VISIBLE AND MALODOR EMISSIONS

(a) The permittee shall keep a logbook of weekly facility inspections performed. The logbook shall include the name of the company representative performing the inspections, any instances of exceedances of visible emissions limitations, visible fugitive emissions limitations and malodorous air emission limitations, and the name of the manager informed if a potential exceedance is observed. The permittee shall also record any and all corrective action(s) taken to abate each recorded deviation to prevent future occurrences.



(b) The records shall be kept for a five (5) year period and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

013 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

All records, reports and analyses results generated in compliance with the requirements of any section of this permit shall be maintained in accordance with General Title V Requirement #022, Section (b), and shall be made available to the Department upon written or verbal request at a reasonable time.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

014 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS

- (a) On a semi-annual basis, the permittee shall compile a report of all logged instances of deviation of the fugitive or visible emission limitations that occured and the actions taken in response to them. This report shall be submitted to the Department.
- (b) If no deviations have been logged during the reported period, this report shall be retained at the Generating Station and made available to the Department upon request.

015 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall, within one (1) hour of identifying an occurrence, notify the Department at (570) 826-2511of any malfunction ,which results in, or may possibly be resulting in, emissions of air contaminants in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to, this operating permit or any applicable rule or regulation contained in Article III of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection.
- (b) A written report shall be submitted to the Department within five (5) working days following the incident, describing the malfunction and the corrective actions being taken. The Department may take enforcement action for any violations of the applicable standards.

016 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall submit the following reports:

(a) An annual certification of compliance, due by March 1st of each year, for the period covering January 1 through December 31 of the previous year. This certificate of compliance shall document compliance with all permit terms and conditions set forth in this Title V permit as required under Condition #026 of Section B of this permit. The annual certification of compliance shall be submitted to the Department in paper form and to the EPA Region III in electronic form at the following email address below. Any required semi-annual reports can also be sent to this email address:

R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov

- (b) A semi-annual deviation report, due by September 1st, of each year, for the period covering January 1 through June 30 of the same year. (Note: The annual certification of compliance fulfills the second deviation reporting period (July 1 through December 31).
- (c) Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.462(c), copies of requests for administrative permit amendments to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.450(c)(1), and copies of title V permit applications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), if required, may be submitted to the following EPA e-mail box:





R3_Air_ Apps_&_Notices@epa.gov

in lieu of the mailing address listed in Condition #022(b), of Section B, of this permit. For any electronic submission, please place the following in the subject line: TV 54-00074, UGI DEV CO/HEGINS

017 [25 Pa. Code §135.3] Reporting

- (a) The owner or operator shall submit by March 1 of each year, a source report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported.
- (b) The source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of a source report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

018 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

- (a) A person responsible for any source specified in SECTION C, Site Level Requirement, Condition #001, shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.
- (2) Application of asphalt, oil, water or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.
 - (3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.
- (4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

019 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

Open burning operations

- (a) Outside of air basins. No person may permit the open burning of material in an area outside of air basins in a manner that:
- (1) The emissions are visible, at any time, at the point such emissions pass outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
- (2) Malodorous air contaminants from the open burning are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
 - (3) The emissions interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of life or property.
 - (4) The emissions cause damage to vegetation or property.
 - (5) The emissions are or may be deleterious to human or animal health.
- (b) Exceptions: The requirements of subsections (a) do not apply where the open burning operations result from:
- (1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a



public officer.

- (2) A fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
- (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
- (4) A fire set in conjunction with the production of agricultural commodities in their unmanufactured state on the premises of the farm operation.
- (5) A fire set for the purpose of burning domestic refuse, when the fire is on the premises of a structure occupied solely as a dwelling by two families or less and when the refuse results from the normal occupancy of such structure.
 - (6) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
 - (7) A fire set solely for cooking food.
- (c) Clearing and grubbing wastes. The following is applicable to clearing and grubbing wastes:
 - (1) As used in this subsection the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Air curtain destructor -- A mechanical device which forcefully projects a curtain of air across a pit in which open burning is being conducted so that combustion efficiency is increased and smoke and other particulate matter are contained.

Clearing and grubbing wastes -- Trees, shrubs, and other native vegetation which are cleared from land during or prior to the process of construction. The term does not include demolition wastes and dirt laden roots.

- (2) Subsection (a) notwithstanding, clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned in a basin subject to the following requirements:
 - (i) Air curtain destructors shall be used when burning clearing and grubbing wastes.
- (ii) Each proposed use of air curtain destructors shall be reviewed and approved by the Department in writing with respect to equipment arrangement, design and existing environmental conditions prior to commencement of burning. Proposals approved under this subparagraph need not obtain plan approval or operating permits under Chapter 127 (relating to construction modification, reactivation and operation of sources).
- (iii) Approval for use of an air curtain destructor at one site may be granted for a specified period not to exceed 3 months, but may be extended for additional limited periods upon further approval by the Department.
- (iv) The Department reserves the right to rescind approval granted if a determination by the Department indicates that an air pollution problem exists.
- (3) Subsection (b) notwithstanding clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned outside of an air basin, subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Upon receipt of a complaint or determination by the Department that an air pollution problem exists, the Department may order that the open burning cease or comply with subsection (b) of this section.
- (ii) Authorization for open burning under this paragraph does not apply to clearing and grubbing wastes transported from an air basin for disposal outside of an air basin.
- (4) During an air pollution episode, open burning is limited by Chapter 137 (relating to air pollution episodes) and shall cease as specified in such chapter.





VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

020 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. Section 4003).

021 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The company shall not impose conditions upon or otherwise restrict the Department's access to the sources and/or any associated air cleaning device(s) and shall allow the Department to have access at any time to the sources and associated air cleaning device(s) with such measuring and recording equipment, including equipment recording visual observations, as the Department deems necessary and proper for performing its duties and for the effective enforcement of the Air Pollution Control Act.

VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to Title V General Requirements).

IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.

*** Permit Shield In Effect ***





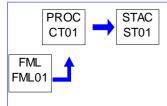
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: CT01 Source Name: LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE

Source Capacity/Throughput: 63.000 MMBTU/HR

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 1

GROUP 2



I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

*** Permit Shield in Effect. ***



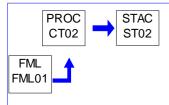
SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: CT02 Source Name: LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE

Source Capacity/Throughput: 63.000 MMBTU/HR

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: GROUP 1

GROUP 2



I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

*** Permit Shield in Effect. ***





Group Name: GROUP 1

Group Description: LANDFILL GAS-FIRED TURBINES

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
CT01	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE
CT02	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

The following emission limitations for these landfill gas-fired turbines for which construction commenced on or after July 1, 1972 and where BAT requirements have not been previously established shall apply:

- (a) In accordance with this Operating Permit, the permittee shall limit the emissions from each turbine to the following:
 - (i) Oxides of Nitrogen (NOX) 42 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen;
 - (ii) Carbon Monoxide (CO) 100 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen;
 - (iii) Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) 30 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen; and
 - (iv) Particulate Matter (PM) 0.0232 lb/MMBtu.
- (b) In accordance with this Operating Permit, the permittee shall limit the emissions of non-methane organic compounds (NMOC) from the turbine to 98% by weight less than the amount entering the turbine or 20 ppmvd as hexane corrected to 3% oxygen.
- (c) In accordance with this Operating Permit, the landfill gas-fired turbines shall not, at any time, result in visible emissions in excess of following:
 - (i) Normal operation: 10% opacity.
 - (ii) Start-up or shut-down:
 - -Equal to or greater than 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three (3) minutes in any one hour.
 - -Equal to or greater than 60% opacity at any time.
- (d) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Stationary Combustion Turbines specified at 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY do not apply to a landfill gas-fired combustion turbine located at an area source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). An area source is any source that does not meet the applicability thresholds for a "major source" of HAP emissions. A major source of HAP emissions is any air contamination source or facility located on a contiguous site under common control that emits or has the potential to emit any single HAP at a rate of 10 tons or more per year or any combination of HAPs at a rate of 25 tons or more per year.

Therefore, HAP emissions from the landfill gas-fired turbines located at this facility shall be less than 10 tons for any single HAP and 25 tons aggregate for any combination of HAPs during any consecutive rolling 12-month period.

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

- (a) Each landfill gas-fired turbine meets the requirements of 40 CFR Subpart KKKK therefore the turbines are not subject to the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines.
- (b) The permittee of the landfill gas-fired turbines is not subject to the new source performance standards (NSPS) in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart WWW, Emission Guidelines in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Cc, or the NESHAP requirements for municipal solid waste landfills specified in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart AAAA if treated landfill gas is used in accordance with



40 CFR § 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(C). The compression, de-watering, and filtering of landfill gas down to at least 10 microns shall be considered as "treatment." If the landfill gas does not qualify as a "treated" gas, the permittee shall comply with Subpart WWW and the NESHAP requirements in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart AAAA.

If the permittee treats the landfill gas and combusts the gas in the turbine, the turbine is not subject to Subpart WWW or the NESHAP requirements in Subpart AAAA. Notwithstanding this exception, the emissions from any atmospheric vent from the treatment system shall be subject to the NSPS requirements of 40 CFR § 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(A) and (B), as well as the NESHAP requirements.

The treatment system at the Broad Mountain facility, UGI Development Corporation has met the EPA definition of treatment systems, therefore the NSPS (WWW) and the NESHAP (AAAA) requirements for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills do not apply for the turbines.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The landfill gas-fired turbines shall be only fueled by landfill gas (LFG) from the Landfill.

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

There are two (2) Solar Taurus simple cycle turbines at this facility fueled by landfill gas (LFG) from the Landfill to produce up to approximately 11 MW electricity. The turbines are Model Taurus 60, rated at 5.5 MW capacity, firing rate of 2,650 cf/min., and rated heat input of 63 MMBTU/hr.

005 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4320]

Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines What emission limits must I meet for nitrogen oxides (NOX)?

- (a) You must meet the emission limits for NOX specified in Table 1 to this subpart, which is stated in SECTION E, GROUP 1, Condition #001.
- (b) If you have two or more turbines that are connected to a single generator, each turbine must meet the emission limits for NOX.

006 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4330]

Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines What emission limits must I meet for sulfur dioxide (SO2)?

For each stationary combustion turbine burning at least 50 percent biogas on a calendar month basis, as determined based on total heat input, you must not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the affected source any gases that contain SO2 in excess of 65 ng SO2 /J (0.15 lb SO2 /MMBtu) heat input.

007 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4333]

Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

(a) You must operate and maintain your stationary combustion turbines, air pollution control equipment, and monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions at all times including during startup, shutdown, and malfunction.



008 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4340]

Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines
How do I demonstrate continuous compliance for NOX if I do not use water or steam injection?

- (a) If you are not using water or steam injection to control NOX emissions, you must perform annual performance tests in accordance with §60.4400 to demonstrate continuous compliance. If the NOX emission result from the performance test is less than or equal to 75 percent of the NOX emission limit for the turbine, you may reduce the frequency of subsequent performance tests to once every 2 years (no more than 26 calendar months following the previous performance test). If the results of any subsequent performance test exceed 75 percent of the NOX emission limit for the turbine, you must resume annual performance tests.
- (b) As an alternative, you may install, calibrate, maintain and operate one of the following continuous monitoring systems:
 - (1) Continuous emission monitoring as described in §§60.4335(b) and 60.4345, or
 - (2) Continuous parameter monitoring as follows:
- (i) For a diffusion flame turbine without add-on selective catalytic reduction (SCR) controls, you must define parameters indicative of the unit's NOX formation characteristics, and you must monitor these parameters continuously.
- (ii) For any lean premix stationary combustion turbine, you must continuously monitor the appropriate parameters to determine whether the unit is operating in low-NOX mode.
- (iii) For any turbine that uses SCR to reduce NOX emissions, you must continuously monitor appropriate parameters to verify the proper operation of the emission controls.
- (iv) For affected units that are also regulated under part 75 of this chapter, with state approval you can monitor the NOX emission rate using the methodology in appendix E to part 75 of this chapter, or the low mass emissions methodology in §75.19, the requirements of this paragraph (b) may be met by performing the parametric monitoring described in section 2.3 of part 75 appendix E or in §75.19(c)(1)(iv)(H).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

009 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

- (a) The permittee shall perform a source test on the each turbine covered by this Operating Permit. Each turbine shall be stack tested for NOX, CO, NMOC, HAPs, SO2, and visible emissions. Stack testing for NOx shall be performed in accordance with methods specified in 40 CFR § 60.335 (relating to test methods and procedures) and in accordance with 25 Pa Code, Chapter 139 for NOX, CO, NMOC, HAPs and visible emissions.
- (b) At least sixty (60) days prior to the stack test requirements of Paragraph (a) or a stack test using a portable gas analyzer, a test protocol, including procedures and a sketch with dimensions indicating the location of sampling ports and other data to ensure the collection of representative samples, shall be submitted to the Department.
- (c) At least two (2) weeks prior to the stack test or a stack test using a portable gas analyzer, the Department shall be informed of the date and time of the test.
- (d) Within sixty (60) days after completion of the stack test, two (2) copies of the complete test report, including all operating conditions, shall be submitted to the Department for approval.





III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

010 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

In accordance with the NSPS requirements in 40 CFR § 60.334 (relating to monitoring of operations), the permittee shall, on a daily basis, sample the landfill gas being fired for nitrogen and sulfur content. The permittee may submit an alternative plan for sampling of the above compounds to the Department and EPA for approval. The submission shall be in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60.

011 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Emission Calculations are as follows:

(a) NOx emission factor = 11.49 lb. NOx/hr. (Manufacturer's Guarantee) Hours of operation = 8,584 hrs. (98% maximum capacity factor for year) Number of Turbines = 2

NOx = 11.49 lbs. NOx/hr. * 8,584 hrs. /yr. * ton/2000 lbs. = 49.3 tons NOx/year per turbine. = 49.3 * 2 = 98.6 tons/yr. NOx total for 2 turbines.

(b) CO emission factor = 17.05 lb. CO/hr. (Manufacturer's Guarantee) Hours of operation = 8,584 hrs. (98% maximum capacity factor for year) Number of Turbines = 2

CO = 17.05 lbs. CO/hr. * 8,584 hrs. /yr. * ton/2000 lbs. = 73.2 tons CO / year per turbine. = 73.2 * 2 = 146.4 tons/yr. CO total for 2 turbines.

(c) SO2 emission factor = 0.15 lbs./MMBTU (NSPS Subpart KKKK; 60.4330(a)(3) limit) Turbine Rated Heat Input = 63.00 MMBtu/hr (based upon increased LFG quality from landfill) Hours of operation = 8,584 hrs. (98% maximum capacity factor for year) Number of Turbines = 2

SO2 = (0.15 lbs. SO2/MMBTU) * (63.00 MMBTU/hr.) * (8,584 hrs. /yr.) * (ton/2000 lbs.) = 40.6 tons/yr. SO2 per turbine. = <math>40.6 * 2 = 81.2 tons/yr. SO2 total for 2 turbines.

(d) PM emission factor = 0.0232 lb. PM/MMBTU (PA DEP BAT requirement from GP-22 Permit. Turbine Rated Heat Input = 63.00 MMBTU/hr (based upon increased LFG quality from landfill) Hours of operation = 8,584 hrs. (98% maximum capacity factor for year) Number of Turbines = 2

PM = (0.0232 lb. PM/MMBTU) * (63.00 MMBTU/hr.) * (8,584 hrs. /yr.) * (ton/2000 lbs.) = 6.27 tons/yr. PM per turbine.= 6.27 * 2 = 12.5 tons/yr. PM total for 2 turbines.

012 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4355] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines How do I establish and document a proper parameter monitoring plan?

- (a) The steam or water to fuel ratio or other parameters that are continuously monitored as described in §§60.4335 and 60.4340 must be monitored during the performance test required under §60.8, to establish acceptable values and ranges. You may supplement the performance test data with engineering analyses, design specifications, manufacturer's recommendations and other relevant information to define the acceptable parametric ranges more precisely. You must develop and keep on-site a parameter monitoring plan which explains the procedures used to document proper operation of the NOX emission controls. The plan must:
- (1) Include the indicators to be monitored and show there is a significant relationship to emissions and proper operation of the NOX emission controls,





- (2) Pick ranges (or designated conditions) of the indicators, or describe the process by which such range (or designated condition) will be established,
- (3) Explain the process you will use to make certain that you obtain data that are representative of the emissions or parameters being monitored (such as detector location, installation specification if applicable),
- (4) Describe quality assurance and control practices that are adequate to ensure the continuing validity of the data,
- (5) Describe the frequency of monitoring and the data collection procedures which you will use (e.g., you are using a computerized data acquisition over a number of discrete data points with the average (or maximum value) being used for purposes of determining whether an exceedance has occurred), and
- (6) Submit justification for the proposed elements of the monitoring. If a proposed performance specification differs from manufacturer recommendation, you must explain the reasons for the differences. You must submit the data supporting the justification, but you may refer to generally available sources of information used to support the justification. You may rely on engineering assessments and other data, provided you demonstrate factors which assure compliance or explain why performance testing is unnecessary to establish indicator ranges. When establishing indicator ranges, you may choose to simplify the process by treating the parameters as if they were correlated. Using this assumption, testing can be divided into two cases:
- (i) All indicators are significant only on one end of range (e.g., for a thermal incinerator controlling volatile organic compounds (VOC) it is only important to insure a minimum temperature, not a maximum). In this case, you may conduct your study so that each parameter is at the significant limit of its range while you conduct your emissions testing. If the emissions tests show that the source is in compliance at the significant limit of each parameter, then as long as each parameter is within its limit, you are presumed to be in compliance.
- (ii) Some or all indicators are significant on both ends of the range. In this case, you may conduct your study so that each parameter that is significant at both ends of its range assumes its extreme values in all possible combinations of the extreme values (either single or double) of all of the other parameters. For example, if there were only two parameters, A and B, and A had a range of values while B had only a minimum value, the combinations would be A high with B minimum and A low with B minimum. If both A and B had a range, the combinations would be A high and B high, A low and B low, A high and B low, A low and B high. For the case of four parameters all having a range, there are 16 possible combinations.
- (b) For affected units that are also subject to part 75 of this chapter and that have state approval to use the low mass emissions methodology in §75.19 or the NOX emission measurement methodology in appendix E to part 75, you may meet the requirements of this paragraph by developing and keeping on-site (or at a central location for unmanned facilities) a QA plan, as described in §75.19(e)(5) or in section 2.3 of appendix E to part 75 of this chapter and section 1.3.6 of appendix B to part 75of this chapter.

013 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4360] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines How do I determine the total sulfur content of the turbine's combustion fuel?

You must monitor the total sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the turbine, except as provided in §60.4365. The sulfur content of the fuel must be determined using total sulfur methods described in §60.4415. Alternatively, if the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel during the most recent performance test was less than half the applicable limit, ASTM D4084, D4810, D5504, or D6228, or Gas Processors Association Standard 2377 (all of which are incorporated by reference, see §60.17), which measure the major sulfur compounds, may be used.

014 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4370] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines How often must I determine the sulfur content of the fuel?

The frequency of determining the sulfur content of the fuel must be as follows:



- (a) Gaseous fuel. If you elect not to demonstrate sulfur content using options in §60.4365, and the fuel is supplied without intermediate bulk storage, the sulfur content value of the gaseous fuel must be determined and recorded once per unit operating day.
- (b) Custom schedules. Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, operators or fuel vendors may develop custom schedules for determination of the total sulfur content of gaseous fuels, based on the design and operation of the affected facility and the characteristics of the fuel supply. Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section, custom schedules shall be substantiated with data and shall be approved by the Administrator before they can be used to comply with the standard in §60.4330.
- (1) The two custom sulfur monitoring schedules set forth in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (iv) and in paragraph (c)(2) of this section are acceptable, without prior Administrative approval:
- (i) The owner or operator shall obtain daily total sulfur content measurements for 30 consecutive unit operating days, using the applicable methods specified in this subpart. Based on the results of the 30 daily samples, the required frequency for subsequent monitoring of the fuel's total sulfur content shall be as specified in paragraph (c)(1)(ii), (iii), or (iv) of this section, as applicable.
- (ii) If none of the 30 daily measurements of the fuel's total sulfur content exceeds half the applicable standard, subsequent sulfur content monitoring may be performed at 12-month intervals. If any of the samples taken at 12-month intervals has a total sulfur content greater than half but less than the applicable limit, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this section. If any measurement exceeds the applicable limit, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iv) of this section.
- (iii) If at least one of the 30 daily measurements of the fuel's total sulfur content is greater than half but less than the applicable limit, but none exceeds the applicable limit, then:
- (A) Collect and analyze a sample every 30 days for 3 months. If any sulfur content measurement exceeds the applicable limit, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iv) of this section. Otherwise, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iii)(B) of this section.
- (B) Begin monitoring at 6-month intervals for 12 months. If any sulfur content measurement exceeds the applicable limit, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iv) of this section. Otherwise, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iii)(C) of this section.
- (C) Begin monitoring at 12-month intervals. If any sulfur content measurement exceeds the applicable limit, follow the procedures in paragraph (c)(1)(iv)of this section. Otherwise, continue to monitor at this frequency.
- (iv) If a sulfur content measurement exceeds the applicable limit, immediately begin daily monitoring according to paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section. Daily monitoring shall continue until 30 consecutive daily samples, each having a sulfur content no greater than the applicable limit, are obtained. At that point, the applicable procedures of paragraph (c)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this section shall be followed.
- (2) The owner or operator may use the data collected from the 720-hour sulfur sampling demonstration described in section 2.3.6 of appendix D to part 75of this chapter to determine a custom sulfur sampling schedule, as follows:
- (i) If the maximum fuel sulfur content obtained from the 720 hourly samples does not exceed 20 grains/100 scf, no additional monitoring of the sulfur content of the gas is required, for the purposes of this subpart.
- (ii) If the maximum fuel sulfur content obtained from any of the 720 hourly samples exceeds 20 grains/100 scf, but none of the sulfur content values (when converted to weight percent sulfur) exceeds half the applicable limit, then the minimum required sampling frequency shall be one sample at 12 month intervals.
- (iii) If any sample result exceeds half the applicable limit, but none exceeds the applicable limit, follow the provisions of paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this section.
 - (iv) If the sulfur content of any of the 720 hourly samples exceeds the applicable limit, follow the provisions of paragraph





(c)(1)(iv) of this section.

015 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4385] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines How are excess emissions and monitoring downtime defined for SO2?

If you choose the option to monitor the sulfur content of the fuel, excess emissions and monitoring downtime are defined as follows:

- (a) For samples of gaseous fuel and for oil samples obtained using daily sampling, flow proportional sampling, or sampling from the unit's storage tank, an excess emission occurs each unit operating hour included in the period beginning on the date and hour of any sample for which the sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the combustion turbine exceeds the applicable limit and ending on the date and hour that a subsequent sample is taken that demonstrates compliance with the sulfur limit.
- (b) If the option to sample each delivery of fuel oil has been selected, you must immediately switch to one of the other oil sampling options (i.e., daily sampling, flow proportional sampling, or sampling from the unit's storage tank) if the sulfur content of a delivery exceeds 0.05 weight percent. You must continue to use one of the other sampling options until all of the oil from the delivery has been combusted, and you must evaluate excess emissions according to paragraph (a) of this section. When all of the fuel from the delivery has been burned, you may resume using the as-delivered sampling option.
- (c) A period of monitor downtime begins when a required sample is not taken by its due date. A period of monitor downtime also begins on the date and hour of a required sample, if invalid results are obtained. The period of monitor downtime ends on the date and hour of the next valid sample.

016 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4415] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines How do I conduct the initial and subsequent performance tests for sulfur?

- (a) You must conduct an initial performance test, as required in §60.8. Subsequent SO2 performance tests shall be conducted on an annual basis (no more than 14 calendar months following the previous performance test). There are three methodologies that you may use to conduct the performance tests.
- (1) If you choose to periodically determine the sulfur content of the fuel combusted in the turbine, a representative fuel sample would be collected following ASTM D5287 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17) for natural gas or ASTM D4177 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17) for oil. Alternatively, for oil, you may follow the procedures for manual pipeline sampling in section 14 of ASTM D4057 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17). The fuel analyses of this section may be performed either by you, a service contractor retained by you, the fuel vendor, or any other qualified agency. Analyze the samples for the total sulfur content of the fuel using:
- (i) For liquid fuels, ASTM D129, or alternatively D1266, D1552, D2622, D4294, or D5453 (all of which are incorporated by reference, see §60.17); or
- (ii) For gaseous fuels, ASTM D1072, or alternatively D3246, D4084, D4468, D4810, D6228, D6667, or Gas Processors Association Standard 2377 (all of which are incorporated by reference, see §60.17).
- (2) Measure the SO2 concentration (in parts per million (ppm)), using EPA Methods 6, 6C, 8, or 20 in appendix A of this part. In addition, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) standard, ASME PTC 19-10-1981-Part 10, "Flue and Exhaust Gas Analyses," manual methods for sulfur dioxide (incorporated by reference, see §60.17) can be used instead of EPA Methods 6 or 20. For units complying with the output based standard, concurrently measure the stack gas flow rate, using EPA Methods 1 and 2 in appendix A of this part, and measure and record the electrical and thermal output from the unit. Then use the following equation to calculate the SO2 emission rate:

"Equation 6"





(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact notation).

Where:

E = SO2 emission rate, in lb/MWh

1.664 x 10-7 = conversion constant, in lb/dscf-ppm

(SO2)c = average SO2 concentration for the run, in ppm

Qstd = stack gas volumetric flow rate, in dscf/hr

P = gross electrical and mechanical energy output of the combustion turbine, in MW (for simple-cycle operation), for combined-cycle operation, the sum of all electrical and mechanical output from the combustion and steam turbines, or, for combined heat and power operation, the sum of all electrical and mechanical output from the combustion and steam turbines plus all useful recovered thermal output not used for additional electric or mechanical generation, in MW, calculated according to $\S60.4350(f)(2)$; or

(3) Measure the SO2 and diluent gas concentrations, using either EPA Methods 6, 6C, or 8 and 3A, or 20 in appendix A of this part. In addition, you may use the manual methods for sulfur dioxide ASME PTC 19-10-1981-Part 10 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17). Concurrently measure the heat input to the unit, using a fuel flowmeter (or flowmeters), and measure the electrical and thermal output of the unit. Use EPA Method 19 in appendix A of this part to calculate the SO2 emission rate in lb/MMBtu. Then, use Equations 1 and, if necessary, 2 and 3 in §60.4350(f) to calculate the SO2 emission rate in lb/MWh.

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

017 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall record the hours of operation of these sources on a yearly basis. These records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

018 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Authority for this condition is also derived from 25 Pa. Code, §127.83 and 40 CFR §52.1(j)(2)]

The permittee shall maintain the following records:

- (a) Data which clearly demonstrates that the heat input for each turbine never exceeds its rated capacity.
- (b) Data which clearly demonstrates that each turbine never exceeds the operational limit of 8,584 hours per year (based on a 12-month rolling summation).
- (c) The records shall provide sufficient data to clearly demonstrate that the requirements of GROUP 1 Conditions #001, #002 & #004 are met.

019 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

- (a) The permittee shall record the following:
 - (i) Monthly amount of landfill gas fired in each turbine.
 - (ii) 12-month rolling total amount of landfill gas fired in each turbine.
 - (iii) Hours of operation each month.
 - (iv) Monthly emissions of Particulate, SO2, NOX, CO, NMOC, and HAPs; and
 - (v) 12-month rolling total emissions of Particulate, SO2, NOX, CO, NMOC, and HAPs.
- (b) The permittee shall calculate the emissions from the turbines as proposed in the application or in another manner approved by the Department. The methods of calculating the emissions shall be reviewed after the results of the required





testing are approved.

- (c) The permittee shall install and maintain a device that measures and records the flow of landfill gas to the turbines.
- (d) The permittee shall maintain a permanently bound logbook or other method approved by the Department. This log shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:
 - (i) The date of the tuning procedures and/or routine maintenance.
 - (ii) The date of any turbine core replacement.
 - (iii) The name of the service company and technicians.
 - (iv) The final operating rate or load.
 - (v) The final NOX and CO emission rates.
 - (vi) The final excess oxygen rate; and
 - (vii) Any other information required by this Operating Permit.
- (e) The permittee shall record each start-up, shut down, and malfunction of the turbine. The record shall include the date, time, duration and type of event.
- (f) If the landfill gas fired turbine is subject to the NSPS requirements in 40 CFR § 60.757 (relating to reporting requirements) or the Emission Guidelines and Compliance Times for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Cc, the permittee shall record the monthly and 12-month rolling total emissions of NMOCs from the turbine.
- (g) These records shall be retained for a minimum of fifteen (15) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request. The Department reserves the right to expand the list contained in this condition as it may reasonably prescribe pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of the Pennsylvania Air Pollution Control Act (35 P. S. § 4004), and as it may deem necessary to determine compliance with any conditions contained herein.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

020 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

- (a) Within sixty (60) days after completion of a stack test, the complete test report, including all operating conditions, shall be submitted to the Department for approval.
- (b) Any planned or unplanned turbine core replacement shall be reported to the Department in accordance with this Operating Permit.

021 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4375] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines What reports must I submit?

- (a) For each affected unit required to continuously monitor parameters or emissions, or to periodically determine the fuel sulfur content under this subpart, you must submit reports of excess emissions and monitor downtime, in accordance with §60.7(c). Excess emissions must be reported for all periods of unit operation, including start-up, shutdown, and malfunction.
- (b) For each affected unit that performs annual performance tests in accordance with §60.4340(a), you must submit a written report of the results of each performance test before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the performance test.

022 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4380] Subpart KKKK - Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines
How are excess emissions and monitor downtime defined for NOX?

For the purpose of reports required under §60.7(c), periods of excess emissions and monitor downtime that must be





reported are defined as follows:

- (a) For turbines required to monitor combustion parameters or parameters that document proper operation of the NOX emission controls:
- (1) An excess emission is a 4-hour rolling unit operating hour average in which any monitored parameter does not achieve the target value or is outside the acceptable range defined in the parameter monitoring plan for the unit.
- (2) A period of monitor downtime is a unit operating hour in which any of the required parametric data are either not recorded or are invalid.

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

023 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

- (a) The permittee, at a minimum, shall conduct leak checks on the landfill gas handling and processing equipment.
- (b) The permittee shall perform an annual adjustment and/or tune-up on each unit, which shall include the following:
- (i) Inspection, adjustment, cleaning or replacement of fuel-burning equipment, including the burners and moving parts necessary for proper operation as specified by the manufacturer.
- (ii) Inspection of flame pattern of characteristics and adjustments necessary to minimize emissions of NOX, and to the extent practicable minimize emissions of CO.
- (iii) Inspection of the air-to-fuel ratio control system and adjustments necessary to ensure proper calibration and operation as specified by the manufacturer; and
- (iv) Sampling of the final NOX and CO emission rates. This sampling shall be conducted with portable metering equipment in accordance with applicable manufacturers' calibration and operating procedures.

024 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

Any permittee authorized to operate landfill gas-fired turbines under this Operating Permit must comply with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit. The landfill gas-fired turbines shall be:

- (a) Operated in such a manner as not to cause "air pollution," as the term is defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.
- (b) Operated and maintained in a manner consistent with good operating and maintenance practices; and
- (c) Operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and the applicable terms and conditions of this Operating Permit.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

025 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

These conditions were obtained from Operating Permit No. 54-328-002GP22 approved 4/23/2008.

(a) The permittee meets the requirements of 40 CFR Subpart KKKK therefore the turbines are not subject to the applicable requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG (relating to standards of performance for stationary gas turbines).

Pursuant to 40 CFR § 60.4 (relating to address), the submission of copies of all requests, reports, applications, submittals and other communications shall be provided to both EPA and the Department.





(b) If the landfill gas-fired turbine is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart WWW or the Emission Guidelines in Subpart Cc, the permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements. Pursuant to 40 CFR § 60.4, the submission of copies of all requests, reports, applications, submittals and other communications shall be provided to both EPA and the Department.

Copies of all documents provided to EPA shall be sent to:

Associate Director of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance Mail Code 3AP20 U.S. EPA, Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

 $\hbox{(c) Copies of all documents provided to the Department shall be sent to the appropriate DEP Regional Office. } \\$

*** Permit Shield in Effect. ***





Group Name: GROUP 2

Group Description: NOx Monitoring Plan

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
CT01	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE
CT02	LANDFILL GAS FIRED TURBINE

I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

001 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall maintain a temperature less than 1260 degrees Fahrenheit on a 4-hour rolling unit operating hour average.

002 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall monitor temperature continuously (once every 15 minutes) and establish a 4-hour rolling unit operating hour average.

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall maintain records of the temperature data for a period of no less than 5 years.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall report periods of excess emissions and monitor downtime to the Department per 60.4380.

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall calibrate the temperature monitoring system once every six months in accordance with manufacturer specifications.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

*** Permit Shield in Effect. ***



SECTION F. Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this Title V facility.



SECTION G. Emission Restriction Summary.

No emission restrictions listed in this section of the permit.



SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

- (a) The Department received the operating permit application for this facility on 12/26/2017.
- (b) This permit is a Title V Operating Permit Renewal and incorporates the following operating permits:

54-328-002GP

- (c) This is a Title V Operating Permit facility.
- (d) The approved NOx Monitoring Plan, submitted August 28, 2009, which contains applicable requirements to demonstrate compliance with NOx limits under the NSPS KKKK is kept on file. NOx monitoring plan conditions are contained in Group 2 of the permit. Any changes to the Monitoring Plan would be considered a modification to the permit and needs to be submitted to the Department for approval.





***** End of Report *****